

St Paul's Church of England Primary School



"Don't let anyone look down on you because you are young but set an example for the believers in speech; in conduct; in love; in faith and in purity." (1 Timothy 4:12)

Year group: Year One **Grammar and Punctuation English**

Joining two words

Often used when using two words to describe something.

> 'And' connects the two words.

The crossing was black and white.



Full stop ends the sentence

Capital letter at the start

Joining two clauses together

Here are two clauses of equal value (they make sense by themselves):

We saw a brown dog.

It chased a black cat.

We can connect both ideas to form one sentence.

'and' connects the two clauses

We saw a brown dog and it chased a black cat.



Capital letter at the start

Full stop ends the sentence

A guestion mark is used when the sentence forms a question:

Questions



Exclamation

Sentences that show strong feelings or suggest the speaker is shouting.



Fearful



These can be added to words to change their meaning and create a new word.

Adding the prefix 'un'

kind-unkind, tie-untie

Adding suffixes

help-helping, helped, helper

Making singular nouns plural using 's' and 'es'

dog-dogs

wish-wishes

Capital Letters

The start of a sentence begins with a capital letter. They are also used for names of people and places:

Names of **people:** Emily, Jake

Names of places: England, Oswaldtwistle



The personal pronoun '1' is written with a capital letter.

Prefixes and Suffixes

Key Vocabulary	Definition				
Capital letter	Upper case letter used at the start of a sentence or for names of people and places				
Exclamation	Usually begins with 'How' or 'What. Full sentence including a verb. What a terrible accident!				
Exclamation mark	A punctuation mark (!) used after an exclamation				
Full stop	Punctuation mark (.) normally placed at the end of a statement (a sentence that tells you something)				
Plural	More than one of them				
Prefix	A group of letters that change the meaning of a word when they are added to the start- Kind/ unkind				
Pronoun	Word that is used in place of a noun or noun phrase (she, he, his, hers, ours)				
Punctuation	Markings that clarify sentences				
Question	Sentences that ask something or show doubts Is that your car? Ends with a question mark				
Sentence	A group of words that communicate a complete thought				
Singular	Means there is one of them				
Statement	Sentence that claims something as truth My car is blue. Ends with full stop				
Suffix	An 'ending', used at the end of one word to turn it into another word. Care- careful.				
Word	A unit of language that speakers can identify				