## **St Paul's Church of England Primary School**



ادریکی: let anyone look down on you because you are young but set an example for the believers in speech; in conduct; in love; in faith and in pردایی (1 Timothy 4:12)

Subject: Science	Year group: 6 Term: Spring 2	Title: Living things and their Habitats - Biology	
What should I know?	Facts I will learn	Key questions	
<ul> <li>The differences between things that are living, dead and that have never been alive</li> <li>That most living things have lived in habitats to which they are suited</li> <li>Which type of animals live in which type of habitat</li> <li>How animals obtain their food from plants and/or other animals</li> <li>How classification keys help to group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environments</li> <li>How to create and interpret food chains</li> <li>How environments can change and how they can pose dangers to living things</li> </ul>	How to describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to characteristics and based on similarities and differences     How to give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics  Animal Classification  Animals  Invertebrates  These are annuls that for the three a backbore  These are annuls that for the three a backbore  These are annuls that for the three a backbore  These are annuls that for the three a backbore  These are annuls that for the three a backbore  These are annuls that for the three a backbore  These are annuls that for the three a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  These are annuls that do not have a backbore  The annuls that the annuls that do not have a backbore  The annuls that the annuls that do not have a backbore  The annuls that the annuls that do not have a backbore  The annuls that the annuls that do not have a backbore  The annuls that the annuls that do not have a backbore  The annuls that the annuls that do not have a backbore  The annuls that the annuls tha	How many different plants/animals are there?     How do scientists group these effectively?  .  Key yocab and definition	
Key Skills	Experiences that school may provide:	Key vocab and definition	
<ul> <li>Identifying and explaining similarities and differences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Looking at (first hand or photos) a range of plants and animals</li> </ul>	Classify Arrange a group of things in classes or	

Classifying animals and plants			categories according to shared qualities or characteristics
		Characteristics	A feature or quality belonging typically to a person, place,
Web links	Experiences that could be provided at home		or thing and serving to identify them
http://interactivesites.weebly.com/animal- classification.html	<ul> <li>Going on a nature work – what</li> </ul>	Similarities	The state or fact of being similar
	animals/plants can you see?	Differences	A point or way in which people or things are dissimilar
		Microorganism	A microscopic organism, especially a bacterium, virus, or fungus